

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007



MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of Commander Resources Ltd. have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. The financial information contained elsewhere in this report has been reviewed to ensure consistency with the financial statements.

Management maintains systems of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the assets are safeguarded. All transactions are authorized and duly recorded, and financial records are properly maintained to facilitate financial statements in a timely manner. The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements. The Board carries out this responsibility principally through its Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors has reviewed the financial statements with management.

"Kenneth E. Leigh"

Kenneth E. Leigh
President and Chief Executive Officer

Vancouver, Canada May 29, 2008

Balance Sheets

As at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

(expressed in Canadian donars)		2008		2007		
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$	1,985,122	\$	2,100,436		
Marketable securities (Note 5)		584,422		596,476		
Accounts receivable		119,404		167,133		
Government grant receivable		-		100,000		
Due from related parties (Note 13(a))		11,763		12,165		
Prepaid expenses		24,270		55,192		
Field supplies (Note 7)		109,252		109,252		
Recoverable deposits (Note 8)		50,438		57,638		
		2,884,671		3,198,292		
Mineral properties (Note 9)		20,039,769		19,844,016		
Property, plant and equipment (Note 10)		36,314		40,995		
	\$	22,960,754	\$	23,083,303		
LIABILITIES						
Current liability						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	427,235	\$	830,883		
Future income taxes (Note 17)		1,618,973		1,618,973		
		2,046,208		2,449,856		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Share capital (Note 11)		34,409,495		34,803,607		
Contributed surplus		69,400		69,400		
Option compensation		1,676,188		1,672,798		
Deficit		(15,174,600)		(16,030,480)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(65,937)		118,122		
		20,914,546		20,633,447		
	\$	22,960,754	\$	23,083,303		
Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1)						
Commitment (Note 14)						
Subsequent Events (Note 18)						
Approved by the Directors:	"Kenneth	E. Leigh"	"David Watkins"			
	Kenneth	n E. Leigh	David	d Watkins		

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Statements of Operations

(Unaudited - See Notice)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For	Three Months	Ended N	March 31,		
	2	2008		2007		
General and administrative expenses						
Accounting and audit	\$	32,915	\$	50,899		
Amortization		4,681		5,459		
Annual report and meeting		1,766		1,325		
Consultants		13,890		32,718		
Insurance		11,368		12,563		
Investor relations and promotion		74,756		75,222		
Legal		5,460		3,239		
Office and miscellaneous		40,311		27,283		
Regulatory and transfer agent fees		8,151		26,774		
Rent and storage		25,933		25,386		
Salaries and benefits		68,202		124,777		
Loss before the undernoted		(287,433)		(385,645)		
Investment income		11,154		14,775		
Property investigation		(758)		(798)		
Write down of marketable securities		-		-		
Write down of mineral properties		(8,792)		-		
Mineral property recovery		561,257		-		
Flow-through charges Gain on sale of marketable securities		(43,505)		-		
Gain on saic of marketable securities		213,645		-		
Profit before taxes		445,568		(371,668)		
Future income tax recovery (Note 15)		410,312		1,303,631		
Net Profit for the period		855,880		931,963		
Deficit, beginning of period	(16	,030,480)		(14,960,099)		
Deficit, end of period	\$ (15	,174,600)	\$	(14,028,136)		
Earnings Per Share - Basic	\$	0.01	\$	0.02		
Earnings Per Share - Diluted	\$	0.01	\$	0.01		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - Basic	60	9,866,526		61,682,789		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - Diluted		3,477,092		72,114,781		

Breakdown of Non-Cash Stock Based Compensation

For Three Months Ended March 31

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

Stock based compensation has been included in the statement of operations above in the following categories:

	2008					
Accounting and audit	\$ -	\$	19,167			
Consultants	3,390		23,718			
Investor relations	-		1,976			
Salaries and benefits	-		62,038			
Total Stock-Based Compensation	\$ 3,390	\$	106,899			

Statements of Comprehensive Loss

(Unaudited - See Notice) (expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Fo	r Three Months	ended M	arch 31,
		2008		2007
Net Profit for the year	\$	855,880	\$	931,963
Unrealized loss of available for sale marketable securities		(134,304)		67,792
Transfer to income of realized gains on sale of investments		(49,755)		-
Future income tax recovery		_		-
Other comprehensive loss		(184,059)		67,792
Comprehensive income	\$	671,821	\$	999,755

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited - See Notice)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For 7	Three Months e	nded M	Iarch 31,
		2008		2007
Cash provided from (used for):				
Operating activities				
Income for the period	\$	855,880	\$	931,963
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization		4,681		5,459
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(213,645)		_
Stock-based compensation		3,390		106,899
Write down of marketable securities		=		-
Write down of mineral properties		8,792		-
Marketable securities received for mineral property		-		-
Future income tax recovery		(410,312)		(1,303,631)
		248,786		(259,310)
Net change in non-cash working capital items:				
Accounts receivable		47,727		33,307
Government grant receivable		100,000		-
Due from related parties		402		(7,065)
Prepaid expenses		30,922		22,370
Field supplies		-		-
Bid deposits		7,200		7,350
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		75,923		20,230
		510,960		(183,118)
Investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		322,890		-
Mineral property acquisition and exploration costs		(469,595)		(490,521)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(479,569)		16,717
related to mineral properties				
Purchase of equipment		-		(2,301)
		(626,274)		(476,105)
Financing activity				
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs		-		198,894
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(115,314)		(460,329)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,100,436		4,753,352
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,985,122	\$	4,293,023

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (Note 16)

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Statements of Shareholders' Equity

	Share C	•		Contributed	Option	Accumulative Other Comprehensive	Total Shareholders'
Balance, December 31, 2006	Shares	Amount	Deficit	Surplus	Compensation	Income	Equity
	61,287,575	33,908,906	(14,960,099)	17,043	1,126,164	-	20,092,014
Adjustment to opening balance - change in accounting policy (note 3) (net of income taxes) Net Loss for the Year Other Comprehensive Income			(1,070,381)			131,328	131,328 (1,070,381)
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments Transfer to income of realized gain on sale of investments						(11,454) (1,752)	(11,454) (1,752)
Shares issued for cash							
Private Placement	7,350,000	1,722,500					1,722,500
Exercise of options	366,835	98,567					98,567
Exercise of warrants	319,250	159,625					159,625
Agent's compensation	,	(81,305)					(81,305)
Share issue costs		(12,937)					(12,937)
Non-cash transactions							
Income tax effect on flow-through share renunciation		(1,303,631)					(1,303,631)
Reclassification of option compensation on exercise of options		69,182		52,357	(121,538)		(1,303,031)
Property acquisition	365,000	202,450		32,337	(121,330)		202,450
Agent's compensation	161,000	40,250					40,250
Stock-based compensation	101,000	10,230			668,172		668,172
Balance, December 31, 2007	\$ 69,849,660	\$ 34,803,607	\$ (16,030,480)	\$ 69,400	\$ 1,672,798	\$ 118,122	\$ 20,633,447
	9 07,047,000	\$ 54,005,007		5 07,400	3 1,072,770	3 110,122	
Net Profit for the period			855,880				855,880
Other Comprehensive Income							
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments Transfer to income of realized gain on sale of investments						(134,304) (49,755)	(134,304) (49,755)
Shares issued for cash Private Placement Exercise of options Exercise of warrants Agent's compensation Share issue costs							- - - - -
Non-cash transactions Income tax effect on flow-through share renunciation		(410,312)					(410,312)
Reclassification of option compensation on exercise of options		(410,312)					(410,312)
Property acquisition	81,000	16,200					16,200
Agent's compensation Stock-based compensation					3,390		3,390
Balance, March 31, 2008	69,930,660	34,409,495	(15,174,600)	69,400	1,676,188	(65,937)	20,914,546

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

The Company is in the process of actively exploring and developing its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain mineral resources that are economically recoverable ("reserves"). The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage.

The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral property interests is dependent upon one or more of the following:

- the discovery of reserves;
- the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete exploration and development; and
- future profitable production from the properties or proceeds from disposition.

At March 31, 2008, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$15,174,600 (2007 – \$16,030,480) and has working capital of \$2,457,436 (2007 – \$2,367,409) which may be sufficient to achieve the Company's currently planned business objectives for fiscal 2008. The Company may need to complete further financings for additional drilling and exploration activities as required, and for future operations.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on continued financial support from its shareholders and other related parties, the ability of the Company to raise equity financing, and the attainment of profitable operations, external financings and further share issuances to meet the Company's liabilities as they become payable. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary, should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Areas requiring the use of estimates include determining the fair value of available for sale securities, the rates of amortization for property, plant and equipment, the recoverability of mineral property costs, valuation of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of stock-based compensation, and the calculation of future income tax liability. While management believes the estimates are reasonable, actual results may differ from those estimates and could impact future results of operations and cash flows.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash and short-term investments with original maturities or redemption provisions of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

(c) Marketable securities

Prior to January 1, 2007, marketable securities were carried at the lower of cost or quoted market value on an individual stock by stock basis. When market value was below cost, any unrealized loss was charged to operations. With the adoption of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants' ("CICA") Handbook Sections 1530, "Comprehensive Income" and, CICA 3855, "Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement", marketable securities are measured at fair market value in the consolidated financial statements with the unrealized gains or losses recorded in other comprehensive income (Notes 4 and 5).

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Mineral properties

The Company capitalizes all costs related to investments in mineral properties on a property-by-property basis. Such costs include mineral property acquisition costs and exploration and development expenditures, net of any recoveries. Costs are deferred until such time as the extent of mineralization has been determined and mineral properties are either developed or the Company's mineral rights are allowed to lapse.

All deferred mineral property expenditures are reviewed, on a property-by-property basis, to consider whether there are any conditions that may indicate impairment. When the carrying value of a property exceeds its net recoverable amount that may be estimated by quantifiable evidence of an economic geological resource or reserve, joint venture expenditure commitments or the Company's assessment of its ability to sell the property for an amount exceeding the deferred costs, a provision is made for the impairment in value.

The amounts shown for acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values. These costs are depleted over the useful lives of the properties upon commencement of commercial production or written off if the properties are abandoned or the claims allowed to lapse.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of a mineral property interest pursuant to the terms of an option agreement. As the options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee; the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received. When the amount of recoveries exceeds the total amount of capitalized costs of the property, the amount in excess of costs is credited to income.

Management's estimates of mineral prices, recoverable proven and probable reserves, and operating, capital and reclamation costs are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that may affect the recoverability of mineral property costs. Although management has made its best estimate of these factors, it is possible that changes could occur in the near term that could adversely affect management's estimate of the net cash flow to be generated from its properties.

(e) Property and equipment

Property and equipment consisting of office furniture and computer equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is recorded using the straight line method at an annual rate of 20%. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight line basis over the six-year term of the lease.

(f) Asset retirement obligations

The Company accounts for the recognition and measurement of liabilities for obligations associated with the retirement of property and equipment when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operations of the assets.

(g) Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company accounts for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of the impairment of non-monetary long-lived assets, including property and equipment, intangible assets with finite useful lives, deferred pre-operating costs and long-term prepaid assets when such amounts are known.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(h) Flow-through shares

Under the terms of Canadian flow-through share legislation, the tax attributes of qualifying expenditures are renounced to the subscribers. The tax impact to the Company of the renouncement is recorded on the date that the Company renounces the tax deductions, through a decrease in share capital and the recognition of a future tax liability.

(i) Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation using the fair value based method with respect to all stock-based payments to directors, employees and non-employees, including awards that are direct awards of stock and call for settlement in cash or other assets, or stock appreciation rights that call for settlement by the issuance of equity instruments. Under this standard, stock-based payments are recorded as an expense in the period the stock-based compensation vests or when the awards or rights are granted, with a corresponding increase to option compensation under shareholders' equity. When stock options are exercised, the corresponding fair value is transferred to share capital or when stock options are forfeited, cancelled or expire, the corresponding fair value is transferred to contributed surplus.

(j) Income taxes

Income taxes are calculated using the asset and liability method. Under this method of tax allocation, future income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial statement carrying values and their respective income tax basis (temporary differences). Future income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences are likely to reverse. The effect on future income tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is included in operations in the period in which the change is enacted or substantially assured. The amount of future income tax assets recognized is limited to the amount of the benefit that is more likely than not to be realized.

(k) Earnings / loss per share

Earnings or loss per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The Company uses the treasury stock method for calculating diluted earnings per share. However, diluted loss per share has not been presented as the potential exercise of options and warrants outstanding would have the effect of reducing the loss per share. Therefore, basic and diluted loss per share is the same.

(l) Certain comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

(m) Future accounting changes

(i) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

In February 2008, the CICA issued Handbook Section 3064 "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" replacing Section 3062, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" and Section 3450, "Research and Development Costs". This section establishes standards for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill subsequent to its initial recognition and of intangible assets by profit-oriented enterprises. Standards concerning goodwill are unchanged from the standards included in the previous Section 3062. The new section is effective for years beginning on or after October 1, 2008. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this new section on its financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(m) Future accounting changes (continued)

(ii) International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

In 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") published a new strategic plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. The AcSB strategic plan outlines the convergence of Canadian GAAP with IFRS over an expected five year transitional period. In February 2008 the AcSB announced that 2011 is the changeover date for publicly-listed companies to use IFRS, replacing Canada's own GAAP. The date is for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. The transition date of January 1, 2011 will require the restatement for comparative purposes of amounts reported by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2010. While the Company has begun assessing the adoption of IFRS for 2011, the financial reporting impact of the transition to IFRS cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

3. Financial Instruments

(a) Changes in accounting policies

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the following new accounting standards issued by the CICA relating to financial instruments. These new standards have been adopted on a prospective basis with no restatement to prior period financial statements.

(i) Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement (Section 3855)

This standard sets out criteria for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2006. This standard requires all financial instruments within its scope, including derivatives, to be included on a Company's balance sheet and measured either at fair value or, in certain circumstances when fair value may not be considered most relevant, at cost or amortized cost. Changes in fair value are to be recognized in the statements of operations and comprehensive income.

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the entity becomes a party to the contract creating the item. As such, any of the Company's outstanding financial assets and liabilities at the effective date of adoption are recognized and measured in accordance with the new requirements as if these requirements had always been in effect. Any changes to the fair values of assets and liabilities prior to October 1, 2006 are recognized by adjusting opening deficit or opening accumulated other comprehensive income.

All financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: held for trading, held-to-maturity, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, or other financial liabilities. Initial and subsequent measurement and recognition of changes in the value of financial instruments depends on their initial classification. As a result of the adoption of these standards, the Company has made the following classifications:

- Cash and cash equivalents are classified as financial assets held for trading and are measured at fair value. Gains and losses related to periodical revaluation are recorded in net income.
- Marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale securities. Such securities are measured at fair
 market value in the consolidated financial statements with the unrealized gains or losses recorded in
 other comprehensive income. At the time securities are sold or otherwise disposed of, gains or losses
 are included in net income (loss).
- Accounts receivables are classified as loans and receivables and are initially measured at fair value and subsequent periodical revaluations are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. For the Company, the fair value generally corresponds to cost.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Financial Instruments (continued)

(a) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other liabilities and are initially measured at
fair value and subsequent periodic revaluations are recorded at amortized cost using the effective
interest rate method. For the Company, the measured amount generally corresponds to cost.

(ii) Comprehensive Income (Section 1530)

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the CICA Handbook Section 1530, "Comprehensive Income", which establishes standards for presentation and disclosure of comprehensive income. Comprehensive income is the overall change in the net assets of the Company for the period, other than changes attributed to transactions with shareholders. It is made up of net income and other comprehensive income. The historical make up of net income has not changed. Other comprehensive income includes gains or losses, which GAAP requires to be recognized in a period, but excluded from net income for that period.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the following new accounting standards issued by the CICA. These new standards have been adopted on a prospective basis with no restatement to prior period financial statements.

(i) Capital Disclosures

In February 2007, the issued Handbook Sections 1535, "Capital Disclosures", requires the disclosure of both qualitative and quantitative information that provides users of financial statements with information to evaluate the entity's objective, policies and procedures for managing capital. The new section is effective for years beginning on or after October 1, 2007.

(ii) Financial Instruments

In February 2007, the CICA issued two new standards, Section 3862 "Financial Instruments Disclosures" and Section 3863 "Financial Instruments Presentation". These sections will replace the existing Section 3861 "Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation". Section 3862 provides users with information to evaluate the significance of the financial instruments of the entity's financial position and performances, nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments, and how the entity manages those risks. Section 3863 deals with the classification of financial instruments, related interest, dividends, losses and gains, and the circumstances in which financial assets and financial liabilities are offset. The new sections are effective for years beginning on or after October 1, 2007.

(iii) Inventories

In June 2007, the CICA issued Handbook Section 3031 "Inventories". This section requires that inventory be recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. This section also clarifies that the allocation of fixed production overhead requires the consistent use of either first-in, first-out or the weighted average method to measure inventory, and requires that any previous write-downs be reversed when the value of the inventory increases. The amount of the reversal is limited to the amount of the original write-down. The new section is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2008.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Financial Instruments (continued)

(b) Fair value

The fair values of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts and government grant receivable, due from related parties, recoverable deposits, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the immediate or short-term to maturity of these financial instruments.

(c) Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk due to the short-term maturity of its monetary assets and liabilities.

(d) Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and cash equivalents. To minimize this risk, cash and cash equivalents have been placed with major Canadian financial institutions.

(e) Derivatives – mineral properties

The Company retains and/or has obligations related to certain carried interest rights and net smelter return royalties ("NSR"), the value of which is derived from future events and commodity prices. These rights are derivative instruments. However, the mineral properties to which they relate are not sufficiently developed to reasonably determine value.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Included in the cash and cash equivalents balance, there is an amount of \$462,597 for exploration funds which were raised through the issuance of flow-through shares. The exploration funds are required to be spent on mineral exploration related activities only (Note 17).

5. Marketable Securities

			As at Ma	rch (31, 2008		As at December 31, 2007					
	Number of Shares			rket Value	Uı Ga	nr-to-Date nrealized nin/(Loss) fore Tax						
Fjordland (FEX.V)	517,647	\$	101,353	\$	95,765	\$ (90,588)	517,647	\$	186,353	\$	41,412	
Diamonds North (DDN.V)	258,000		141,280		224,460	30,960	470,000		352,500		4,700	
Uranium North	333		333		158	(9)	333		167		(299)	
Alto Ventures (ATV.V)	1,875,000		281,250		225,000	(56,250)	-		-		-	
Bayswater (BAY.V)	29,400		15,000		12,789	(11,319)	29,400		24,108		(24,108)	
GBL Gold Corp	75,000		72,439		26,250	(7,098)	75,000		33,348		(39,091)	
Pamlico Resources Ltd.	100,000		-		1	-	100,000		_		-	
Total		\$	611,655	\$	584,422	\$ (134,304)		\$	596,476	\$	(17,386)	

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. Risk Management Policies

(a) Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in respect to its cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable. The credit risk is limited to the carrying amount on the balance sheet. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are held through large financial institutions. The Company manages its credit risk by entering into transactions with high credit quality counterparties, limiting the amount of exposure to each counterparty where possible and monitoring the financial condition of the counterparties.

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet the obligations associated with our financial liabilities. The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure as outlined in Note 12. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within the current fiscal year.

(c) Market Risk:

The Company is exposed to the financial risk related to the fluctuation of the market prices of its marketable securities. At March 31, 2008, if the market prices of the marketable securities had decreased 10 percent with all other variable held constant, the comprehensive income for the quarter would have been \$58,442 lower. Conversely, if the market prices of the marketable securities had increased by 10 percent with all other variables held constant, the comprehensive income for the quarter would have been \$58,442 higher.

7. Field Supplies

Field supplies consist of fuel and other supplies which were stored in a facility in the hamlet of Clyde River, Nunavut.

8. Recoverable Deposits

As at March 31, 2008, the Company posted \$50,438 (2007 - \$57,638) for bonds, mainly in lieu of work on its Newfoundland projects. The bonds are refundable upon approval of assessment reports that are filed with the government.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties

At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company's mineral properties are comprised of properties located in Canada. Expenditures incurred on mineral properties are as follows:

CMD Major Properties

	Baffin, Nu	navut	Newfound	lland Properti	es	Labrador	Other Properties	Total
	Qimmiq	Bravo Lake	Hermitage	Strickland	Other			
Balance at								
December 31, 2007	\$ 9,191,249	\$ 2,116,233	\$ 2,615,007 \$	858,744 \$	91,947	\$ 1,734,302	\$ 3,236,534	\$ 19,844,016
Additions during the period:								
Acquisition costs:	-	-	56,200	-	-	-	120,550	176,750
Exploration costs:								
Drilling	26,646	8,930	4,178	-	-	-	-	39,754
Geochemistry	7,237	-	1,456	-	-	-	-	8,693
Geology	1,615	11,713	25,208	3,165	660	13,358	24,750	80,469
Geophysics	-	-	-	61,426	-	21,553	1,000	83,979
Mobilization/demob.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property	5,683	-	-	-	-	-	3,045	8,728
Prospecting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trenching/line cutting	-	-	490	-	-	-	1,100	1,590
Administration and Others	-	-	1,370	-	-	-	-	1,370
	41,181	20,643	32,702	64,591	660	34,911	29,895	224,583
Less:								
Recoveries	_	_	(200)	-	_	(13,200)	(88,394)	(101,794)
Write down	_	_	` -	-	-	-	(103,786)	(103,786)
	-	-	(200)	-	-	(13,200)	(192,180)	(205,580)
Net additions	41,181	20,643	88,702	64,591	660	21,711	(41,735)	195,753
Balance at								
March 31, 2008	\$ 9,232,430	\$ 2,136,876	\$ 2,703,709 \$	923,335 \$	92,607	\$ 1,756,013	\$ 3,194,799	\$ 20,039,769

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

CMD Major Properties

	Baffin, Nunavut			Newfoun	dland Prope	rties]	Labrador	Other Properties	Total
		Qimmiq	Bravo Lake	Hermitage	Strickland		Other				
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$	7,458,164	\$ 1,503,306	\$ 1,472,275 \$	722,879	\$	6,431	\$	1,360,662	\$ 3,264,580	\$ 15,788,297
Additions during the period: Acquisition costs:		-	-	85,240	23,450		159,410		-	-	268,100
Exploration costs: Drilling Geochemistry Geology Geophysics Mobilization/demob. Property Prospecting Trenching/line cutting Administration and Others		1,184,542 29,170 331,735 23,766 7,104 16,759 145,759 1,562	412,450 4,405 116,130 39,290 3,044 4,279 36,463 - - 616,061	693,416 129,816 234,896 38,477 18,741 634 17,412 100,340 3,160 1,236,892	20,776 - 38,980 50,803 927 8,000 83 1,161 585 121,315		1,525 - 41,671 713 - 1,582 94,877 - 3,050		27,165 282,083 - 335 - 64,057 373,640	14,490 - 47,832 - 29,933 - 1 92,256	2,327,199 163,391 838,409 435,132 29,816 61,522 294,594 103,063 70,853 4,323,979
Less: Recoveries Write down Net additions		(7,312) - (7,312) 1,733,085	(3,134) - (3,134) 612,927	(179,400) - (179,400) 1,142,732	(8,900) - (8,900) 135,865		(217,312) (217,312) 85,516		373,640	(120,302) - (120,302) (28,046)	(319,048) (217,312) (536,360) 4,055,719
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$	9,191,249	\$ 2,116,233	\$ 2,615,007 \$	858,744	\$	91,947	\$	1,734,302	\$ 3,236,534	\$ 19,844,016

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

Acquisitions

The acquisition of title to mineral properties is a detailed and time-consuming process. The Company has taken steps, in accordance with industry standard, to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest. Although the Company has taken every precaution to ensure that legal title to its properties is properly recorded in the name of the Company, there can be no assurance that such title will ultimately be secured.

Environmental expenditures

The operations of the Company may in the future be affected from time to time in varying degrees by changes in environmental regulations, including those for future removal and site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the Company vary greatly and are not predictable. The Company's policy is to meet or, if possible, surpass standards set by relevant legislation, by application of technically proven and economically feasible measures.

Environmental expenditures that relate to on-going environmental and reclamation programs are charged against operations as incurred or capitalized and amortized depending on their future economic benefits. Estimated future removal and site restoration costs, when the ultimate liability is reasonably determinable, will be charged against operations over the estimated remaining life of the related business operation, net of expected recoveries.

(a) Baffin Island Properties, Nunavut

(i) Qimmiq

The Company entered into an option agreement on June 18, 2003 with BHP Billiton Diamonds Inc. ("BHP Billiton Diamonds") to explore for gold on 50,000 hectares of Nunavut Tunngavik Incorporated ("NTI") leases on Baffin Island, Nunavut. Under the option agreement, the Company may earn 50 % of BHP Billiton Diamond's exploration rights by expending \$4 million by 2007, 80 % by expending an aggregate \$10 million by 2012 and a 100 % interest by delivering a feasibility study by December 31, 2014. As at the date of this report, the Company has made sufficient expenditures to vest a 50 % interest.

The option agreement is subject to a variable net smelter return gold royalty ranging from 1 % to 3 % based on gold prices (royalties are now held by International Royalty Corporation) and a 12 % royalty to NTI on net profits payable on production. If a mineral discovery, excluding gold, is made, BHP Billiton Diamonds may exercise a back-in option on the mineral discovery allowing BHP Billiton Diamonds to re-acquire up to an aggregate of a 75 % interest for a period of up to ten years after the Company has earned a 100 % interest in the property.

On January 14, 2008, the Company announced that it had letter of intent (LOI) with BHP Billiton Diamonds to amend the terms of the option agreement. The new agreement provides the Company the option to increase its current 50 % interest in the property to 100 % by making a single cash payment of \$400,000 to BHP Billiton by September 30, 2008. The amendment enables the Company to eliminate remaining earn-in expenditures and to eliminate the requirement for a feasibility study. Furthermore, the amendment enables the Company to extinguish BHP Billiton's back-in rights to non-gold resources, as provided under the existing option agreement.

(ii) Bravo Lake

The Company entered into an option agreement with Xstrata Canada Corporation ("Xstrata") in 2003 to explore for gold, diamonds, and other metals on twelve Exploration Permits on Baffin Island, Nunavut. The original permits adjoined the Qimmiq and Dewar Lake properties optioned from BHP Billiton Diamonds. The agreement provided the Company the right to earn a 100 % interest in Xstrata's exploration rights and interests on Baffin Island by incurring \$8 million of exploration expenditures on the property by 2011. The Company has incurred approximately \$2.1 million in exploration as at the date of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

(a) Baffin Island Properties, Nunavut (continued)

(ii) Bravo Lake (continued)

Under the agreement, Xstrata retains certain back-in rights to base metal mineral discoveries to acquire up to an aggregate 75 % interest. If a diamond resource discovery is made, Xstrata may exercise a back-in option to acquire up to an aggregate 50 % interest. There are no back-in rights to a gold discovery. The property is subject to a sliding scale NSR from 1 % to 3 % based on gold prices, a 2 % NSR on nickel production, a 2 % gross overriding royalty on diamond production, and a 1.5 % NSR on base metal production.

In 2005, the Company staked nineteen mineral claims to cover the favourable portions of the prospecting permits in advance of their expiry.

(b) Newfoundland Uranium Properties

(i) Hermitage

On March 16, 2005, the Company entered into an option agreement with a private consortium based in Newfoundland to earn a 100 % interest in the Blue Hills and White Bear Uranium properties over a four-year term by making cash payments of \$82,200, issuing 201,000 common shares, and completing \$1,000,000 in exploration work. On April 13, 2005, the Company issued a share purchase warrant to the optionors to acquire 250,000 common shares exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share, see Note 11(d) for warrant terms. The agreement is subject to a 2 % "NSR" for the vendors with a buy-back of one-half of the royalty for \$1 million.

On April 22, 2005, the Company completed a second option agreement to earn a 100 % interest in the Couteau Lake Property over a four-year term by making total cash payments of \$60,000, issuing 150,000 common shares, and completing \$300,000 in exploration work. Of this, \$43,000 in cash has been paid and 100,000 common shares have been issued and approximately \$133,000 of exploration work has been completed. The agreement is subject to a 2 % NSR for the vendor with a buy-back of one-half of the royalty for \$1 million.

On November 1, 2005, the Company acquired an additional 1,600 claims by staking.

On February 14, 2008, the Company announced that it had completed its earn-in requirements to the Blue Hills and White Bear properties and now owns 100 % of the properties subject to the reserved NSR.

(ii) Strickland

On June 26, 2006, the Company staked the Strickland Property, 147 claims southwest of the Hermitage property.

On August 16, 2006, the Company announced that it had entered into an option agreement to purchase a small claim block located in the middle of the Company's wholly owned Strickland Property. The Company may earn a 100 % interest in the claims through cash payments totaling \$43,000 and by issuing 160,000 shares of the Company over a four-year period. The vendors will retain a 2 % NSR, one-half of which may be bought by the Company at any time for \$1 million. To date, the Company has made cash payments totaling \$11,000 and has issued 60,000 shares.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

(b) Newfoundland Uranium Properties (continued)

(iii) Hermitage East and West

On November 3, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with Bayswater in conjunction with the acquisition by Bayswater of 1,429 claims to the east and west of the Company's property. In consideration, the Company received a 2 % NSR on all commodities produced from the claims and was issued 150,000 common shares of premerger Pathfinder for providing certain geological and technical information that was used in staking the Hermitage East and West properties. Bayswater is a related party to the Company by virtue of a director in common.

Prior to 2007, Bayswater ceased its work on the Hermitage East and Hermitage West properties and as per the agreement, transferred 100 % ownership in the properties to the Company with one year of assessment work filed.

(c) Labrador Nickel Properties (South Voisey's Bay)

(i) Adlatok 1

The Company has a 59.9 % interest in the Adlatok 1 property. A program of ground geophysics (UTEM) is planned for spring, 2008 to define drill targets for testing later in the year if warranted.

(ii) Sadie

The Company owns a 100 % interest in the Sadie property.

(iii) Sally

The Company owns a 100 % interest in the Sally property. A program of ground geophysics (UTEM) is planned for spring, 2008 to define drill targets for testing later in the year if warranted.

(iv) Sarah Lake

The Company owns a 48.2 % interest in the Sarah Lake property. Donner Metals Ltd. ("Donner Metals") owns 51.8 % and is the operator of the property.

The property was re-activated by the Company and Donner Metals. A program of UTEM geophysics was completed on a portion of the property in order to better define drill targets. The remainder of the geophysical work is planned for the spring 2008.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

(c) Labrador Nickel Properties (continued)

The Company owns several properties in Labrador, Canada in which it holds interests ranging from 48.2% to 100%. The carrying values of those properties at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 are as follows:

	CMD Ownership %	Mar. 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007
Labrador Properties			
Adlatok l (i)	59.90	\$ 170,377	\$ 164,810
Sadie (ii)	100.00	27,679	39,213
Sally (iii)	100.00	64,719	63,199
Sarah Lake (iv)	48.20	1,493,238	1,467,080
Total		\$ 1,756,013	\$ 1,734,302

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties

The Company owns several other properties in Canada in which it holds interests ranging from 25% to 100%. The Company has granted options on some of these properties. The carrying values of those properties included under Other Properties at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 are as follows:

	CMD Ownership %	Mar. 31. 2008	Dec. 31, 2007
Active Projects			
Nunavut			
Storm	100.00	\$ 3,832	\$ -
Quebec			
Despinassy (i)	24.50	-	94,994
Newfoundland			
Cochrane Pond (ii)	50.00	32,791	-
Yukon			
Olympic, Rob (iii)			
3 1 /	100.00	1,021,879	1,017,172
Total Active Projects		\$ 1,058,502	\$ 1,112,166
		N.F. 21	D 21
		Mar. 31.	Dec. 31,
	CMD Ownership %	2008	2007
Inactive Projects			
British Columbia			
Abe and Pal (iv)	100.00	\$ 109,080	\$ 107,239
Aten, Mate and Tut (v)	100.00	1,196	1,196
Haw	100.00	11,900	11,900
Tam (vi)	10.00	49,524	49,524
Ontario			
Matheson	41.60	14,213	14,213
McVean	100.00	-	8,694
Sabin	100 - 58.5	112,469	100,896
Newfoundland			
Green Bay (vii)	100.00	459,366	457,380
New Brunswick			
Nepisiguit/Stewart (viii)	100.00	1,372,242	1,367,019
Yukon			
Rein	25.00	6,307	6,307
Total Inactive Projects		\$ 2,136,297	\$ 2,124,368
Total Other Properties		\$ 3,194,799	\$ 3,236,534

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties (continued)

(i) Despinassy, Quebec

On April 26, 2004, Cameco Corporation ("Cameco"), the Company's Joint Venture Partner on the Despinassy project in Quebec, entered into an Agreement with Alto Ventures Ltd. ("Alto Ventures") for Cameco's 70 % interest in the project. The Company waived it's right of first refusal under the Joint Venture in consideration for 100,000 common shares of Alto Ventures at a deemed price of \$0.10 per share; Alto Ventures carried the Company for \$150,000 of Joint Venture obligations; and the Company retains the right of first refusal under the Joint Venture should Alto Ventures withdraw from the Agreement with Cameco.

On January 10, 2008, the Company reported that it had entered into a letter of intent (LOI) to sell its 24.5-per-cent participating interest in the property to majority partner Alto Ventures. On March 4, 2008, under the terms of the LOI, the Company received a lump-sum cash payment of \$375,000 and 1,875,000 treasury shares of Alto Ventures. The Company retains 1 % net smelter return (NSR) royalty on 83 claims and 0.25 % on the other 30 claims. Alto retains the right to buy down the NSR on the 83 claims to 0.5 % for \$500,000.

(ii) Cochrane Pond

On June 19, 2006, the Company entered into a 50:50 joint venture agreement with Bayswater Uranium Corporation, Successor Company to Pathfinder Resources Ltd. ("Bayswater") to stake the Cochrane Pond property adjacent to the Hermitage properties. If either party's interest dilutes below 10 %, then that party's interest will convert to a 10 % of Net Proceeds of Production Royalty. The Company is the Operator of the joint venture.

On April 13, 2007, the joint venture entered into an agreement with Global Gold Uranium LLC ("Global Gold Uranium"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Global Gold Corporation ("Global Gold"). The agreement provides Global Gold Uranium the option to earn a 60 % interest in the Cochrane Pond Property ("the Property"). Global Gold Uranium may earn an initial 51 % working interest in the Property over a four year period by making total cash payments to the Companies of US\$700,000, issuing 350,000 shares of Global Gold and completing exploration expenditures of \$3.5 million (the "Initial Option"). Of the total cash and share payments, US\$200,000 and 150,000 shares were paid on signing and approval. Global Gold Uranium completed the first years' committed work expenditure of \$500,000 in 2007. The agreement states that once Global Gold Uranium vests at 51 % they shall continue funding the project by either; (a) completing the next \$2 million in exploration on the Property over a maximum two (2) year term; or (b) funding and delivering to the Companies a feasibility study on the property within a maximum of three (3) years. Following completion of either (a) or (b), Global Gold Uranium will have increased its interest in and to the Property to 60 % (the "Second Stage").

(iii) Olympic & Rob, Yukon

On May 1, 2006, the Company signed a Letter of Intent with Blackstone Ventures Inc. ("Blackstone") to acquire Blackstone's 50 % interest in the Rob uranium property, Yukon Territory, to increase the Company's interest to 100 %. In consideration, the Company issued 305,000 common shares to Blackstone and granted a 1 % NSR on metal production from the Property, which may be reduced to 0.5 % at any time for \$1,000,000.

On August 2, 2006, the Company signed a Letter of Intent with Fjordland Exploration Inc. ("Fjordland") on the Company's wholly-owned Olympic-Rob Property in the Yukon. Under the terms of the agreement, Fjordland was provided the right to earn an initial 60 % interest in the property by paying the Company \$250,000 in cash, issuing 1.6 million treasury shares to the Company and incurring exploration expenditures on the property totaling \$7 million over a five-year period ending on December 31, 2011. Of this, \$50,000 was paid and 350,000 treasury shares were issued upon receipt of regulatory approval. Fjordland was obligated to incur \$600,000 in exploration expenditures by December 31, 2007, including a minimum of 2,000 metres of drilling.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties (continued)

(iii) Olympic & Rob, Yukon (continued)

Fjordland elected to terminate the option prior to meeting the minimum drill footage required as part of the committed expenditures in agreement. Since Fjordland failed to meet the first year commitment of the agreement, the Company is seeking compensation from Fjordland for the shortfall. At the date of this report, negotiations were on-going to reach a settlement with Fjordland.

(iv) Abe and Pal, British Columbia

The Company owns a 100 % interest in the properties located within the Quesnel Trough of British Columbia. The vendor of the property retains a 1 % NSR in the properties and will participate in certain cash or share considerations received from the future sale or option of the properties to a third party.

(v) Aten, Mate and Tut, British Columbia

In February 2007, the Company reported that it had entered into an agreement with Geoinformatics Exploration Canada Limited ("GXL") providing GXL the option to earn a participating interest in the Company's five properties (ABE, PAL, MATE, ATEN and TUT claims) located in the Omineca Mining District, British Columbia. The option allowed GXL the right to earn an initial 60 % interest by completing \$4,500,000 in exploration expenditures over four years and by paying to the Company \$300,000 in cash of which \$50,000 in cash and \$750,000 in work expenditures was the commitment for 2007. Upon earning 60 %, GXL could increase its interest to 80 % by completing a positive pre-feasibility study and by paying the Company an additional \$1,500,000.

GXL commenced its 2007 work program in July 2007. GXL drilled 3,451.2 metres in 12 holes and spent approximately \$1.2 million. Although the drilling encountered significant widths of highly altered rocks with typical porphyry copper-gold deposits, copper grades were low and GXL elected not to proceed with the option. GXL returned the property to the Company with five years of assessment work filed.

(vi) Tam, British Columbia

On September 9, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with a prospector that provided the Company with a 10 % Carried Interest in mineral claims in the Omineca area of British Columbia, hereinafter referred to as the Tam/Misty property. In addition, the Company will receive 50 % of any royalties granted to the prospector under any subsequent third party agreement on the property. In exchange for the interest, the Company agreed to transfer title and all associated data for three legacy claims (the Tam claims) owned by the Company which lie within the boundary area of the Tam/Misty property.

On February 13, 2006, Teck Cominco Limited ("Teck Cominco") entered into an option agreement with prospectors on the Tam/Misty property. Teck Cominco can earn 100 % of the prospectors' 90 % interest by making \$525,000 in staged cash payments and incurring \$2.6 million in exploration expenditures before December 31, 2011. As part of the Company's 10 % carried interest in the Tam/Misty property, the Company received a cash payment of \$2,500. In addition, the Company may receive a 1.5 % NSR of which \$250,000 is payable, as an advance royalty, starting on December 31, 2012. This royalty is subject to a buy-down provision that, if exercised, would pay \$1.0 million to the Company.

(vii) Green Bay, Newfoundland

The Company holds a 100 % interest in the Green Bay property.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties (continued)

(viii) Nepisiguit/Stewart, New Brunswick

The Company's 100 % owned Nepisiguit/Stewart property is located in the Bathurst area of New Brunswick. On September 27, 2005, the Company negotiated a royalty agreement with BHP Billiton World Exploration Inc. ("BHP Billiton") on the Nepisiguit portion of the property. Prior to this agreement, BHP Billiton retained the right to earn back a 55 % interest in the property and held a 2 % NSR with no buy-down provision. Under the new royalty agreement, the Company provided BHP Billiton with a 2.75 % NSR subject to a buy-down to 1.0 % NSR for \$1.5 million at any time. In exchange for the increased NSR, BHP Billiton agreed to waive its right to earn back a 55 % interest and therefore, has no future right to earn a participating interest in the property.

(ix) St. George's Bay, Newfoundland

On March 1, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement with Vulcan Minerals Inc. ("Vulcan") providing the Company the option to earn an 80 % interest over a five year period in base and precious metals and uranium on Vulcan's 38,350 hectare St. George's Bay Property located in south western Newfoundland by issuing to Vulcan 500,000 common shares and completing \$3.5 million in exploration work. The deal included issuance of 150,000 shares of the Company and funding \$100,000 of exploration expenditures in the first year.

An initial cash payment of \$50,700 was paid to Vulcan to cover refundable staking deposits. The Company received the full refund before the end of the Quarter.

The Company completed a program of prospecting and stream sediment sampling in the spring but made no significant mineral discoveries. All terms and conditions of the first term were met and the option was terminated in accordance with the agreement.

(x) Murphy, Newfoundland

On December 6, 2006, the Company reported that it had entered into an agreement with Bayswater to acquire 50 % of Bayswater's right to earn a 90 % interest in the Murphy property strategically located east and contiguous with the Company's Hermitage Property.

Bayswater and the Company dropped the option at the end of 2007.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

10. Property and Equipment

	Cost		Accumulated Depreciation	Mar, 31, 2008 Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 57,240	\$	55,644	\$ 1,596
Computer equipment	169,200		145,092	24,108
Leasehold improvements	28,293		17,683	10,610
	\$ 254,733	\$	218,419	\$ 36,314
				2007
		_	Accumulated	Net Book
	Cost	Ι	Depreciation	Value
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 57,240	\$	55,219	\$ 2,021
Computer equipment	169,200		142,015	27,185
Leasehold improvements	28,293		16,504	11,789
	\$ 254,733	\$	213,738	\$ 40,995

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Share Capital

(a) Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value

(b) Shares issued

During the quarter the Company issued 81,000 shares for acquisition of properties.

	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2006	61,287,575	33,908,906
Issued for cash:		
Private placements, net of issue costs	7,511,000	1,668,508
Exercise of options, for cash	366,835	98,567
Exercise of warrants, for cash	319,250	159,625
Issued for other consideration:		
Income tax effect of flow-through share renunciation		(1,303,631)
Exercise of options, stock-based compensation (Note 9(e))		69,182
For mineral property	365,000	202,450
Balance, December 31, 2007	69,849,660	34,803,607
Issued for other consideration:		
Income tax effect of flow-through share renunciation		(410,312)
For mineral property	81,000	16,200
Balance, March 31, 2008	69,930,660	34,409,495

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Share Capital (continued)

(c) Stock options

Options to purchase common shares have been granted to directors, employees and consultants at exercise prices determined by reference to the market value on the date of the grant. Under the Company's Stock Option Plan, the Company may grant stock options for the purchase of up to 12,300,000 common shares. Vesting of stock options is made at the discretion of the board of directors at the time the options are granted. At March 31, 2008, the Company had stock options outstanding for the purchase of 6,170,166 common shares with an average remaining contractual life of 2.3 years, of which 5,331,416 stock options are exercisable at March 31, 2008.

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	3,963,003	\$0.39	
Granted	2,260,000	\$0.44	
Exercised	(366,834)	\$0.27	
Expired	(229,000)	\$0.00	
Outstanding at December 31, 2007	5,627,169	\$0.42	
Granted	865,000	\$0.18	
Exercised	(202,003)	\$0.20	
Expired	(120,000)	\$0.47	
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	6,170,166	\$0.39	

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Share Capital (continued)

(c) Stock options (continued)

The following summarizes information about stock options outstanding at March 31, 2008:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life in Years	Weighted Average Exercise Price
161,666	\$0.26	August 20, 2008	0.01	
700,000	\$0.53	January 21, 2009	0.09	
50,000	\$0.64	February 19, 2009	0.01	
692,000	\$0.56	May 18, 2009	0.13	
40,000	\$0.40	September 6, 2009	0.01	
200,000	\$0.40	September 21, 2009	0.05	
383,000	\$0.25	July 19, 2010	0.14	
282,000	\$0.39	May 7, 2011	0.14	
656,500	\$0.30	June 19, 2011	0.34	
415,000	\$0.87	January 2, 2012	0.25	
200,000	\$0.41	May 8, 2012	0.13	
1,280,000	\$0.36	June 7, 2012	0.87	
125,000	\$0.23	October 12, 2009	0.03	
120,000	\$0.19	December 21, 2012	0.09	
865,000	\$0.18	February 7, 2013	0.68	
6,170,166			2.30	\$0.37

The fair value of stock options used to calculate compensation expense is estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following weighted average assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	2.65%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	108.87%
Expected option life in years	5

Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and, therefore, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options granted during the period.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Share Capital (continued)

(d) Warrants and agent's warrants

At March 31, 2008, the Company had outstanding warrants for the purchase of an aggregate 5,054,750 common shares as follows:

Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Outstanding at Dec. 31, 2007	Issued	Exercised		Expired		Outstanding at Mar. 31, 2008
\$0.50	May 15, 2008	5,054,750	-		-		-	5,054,750

Warrants of 5,054,750 had expired on May 15, 2008 unexercised.

At March 31, 2008, the Company had outstanding agent's warrants for the purchase of an aggregate 2,385,650 common shares as follows:

Exercise		Outstanding at					Outstanding at
Price	Expiry Date	Dec. 31, 2007	Issued	Exercised	E	xpired	Mar. 31, 2008
\$0.50	May 15, 2008	1,040,400	-		_	-	1,040,400
\$0.50	May 15, 2008	195,250	-		-	-	195,250
\$0.40	Oct. 26, 2008	1,150,000	-		-	-	1,150,000
		2,385,650	-		-	-	2,385,650

Agent's warrants of 1,235,650 had expired on May 15, 2008 unexercised.

All of the warrants and agent's warrants are subject to an early expiry provision once resale restrictions have ended. Upon the Company's shares trading at or above a weighted average trading price of \$0.80 for 20 consecutive trading days, the Company may give notice to the warrant holders and issue a news release advising that the warrants will expire 30 days from the date of the news release.

Under an option agreement on the Blue Hills and White Bear, Hermitage Newfoundland project, the Company issued a warrant to the optionors to purchase 250,000 common shares exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share. The warrant is exercisable only if a Mineral Reserve (as defined by CIM Classification under National Instrument 43-101) with a gross value of at least \$500 million is defined. The warrant will expire on the earlier of the date the Company exercises the option or March 4, 2009. These warrants expired on February 14, 2008 when the Company exercised its option and vested at 100% in the Property.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

12. Capital Disclosure

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (a) To safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- **(b)** To provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company sets the amount of capital in relation to requirements. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the requirements to finance its mineral projects. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2007.

The capital structure of the Company consists of all of the components of shareholders' equity.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2008, no additional shares for cash were issued.

13. Related Party Transactions

In addition to the related party transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Company has the following related party transactions and balances:

- (a) The Company shares certain administrative and other costs with four other companies related by virtue of directors in common. Included in due from related parties is an aggregate of \$11,763 owed by those companies.
- **(b)** During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Company paid or accrued \$8,601 (2007 \$10,363) in legal fees, share issuance costs and mineral properties costs to a law firm in which a director of the Company is a partner. Of this amount, there is \$7,601 included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- **(c)** Included in marketable securities are 29,400 common shares of Bayswater and 517,647 common shares of Fjordland, a company related by virtue of a director in common, and 258,000 common shares of Diamonds North Resources Ltd., a company related by virtue of another director in common.
- (d) Accounts payable includes \$7,863 due to companies related by common directors. Related party transactions are recorded at the carrying amount and have no interest or stated terms of repayment.

14. Commitment

The Company shares the cost of the office premises with several companies based on the proportion to the area occupied. The lease of the office premises was signed by one of the companies and that company invoices other companies. Certain of the companies are related by virtue of directors in common. The Company's proportionate share of minimum annual basic rental payments under this arrangement is approximately \$66,000.

15. Segmented Information

The Company has one operating segment, mineral exploration, and all assets of the Company are located in Canada.

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

16. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

		For Three Months Year Ended				
	Ma	Mar. 31, 2008		Mar. 31, 2007		
Significant non-cash operating, investing and financing activ	vities:					
Investing activities:						
Marketable securities received for mineral property	\$	281,250	\$	-		
Shares issued for mineral property		16,200		159,200		
Accounts payable included in the mineral property		125,997		-		
	\$	423,447	\$	159,200		
Financing activities:						
Income tax effect on flow-through share renouncement	\$	(410,312)	\$	(1,303,631)		
Shares issued for mineral property		(16,200)		(159,200)		
Fair value of options exercised		-		48,942		
	\$	(426,512)	\$	(1,413,889)		
Other cash flow information:						
Interest received	\$	11,154	\$	14,775		
Interest paid	\$	-	\$	-		
Income taxes paid	\$	-	\$	-		

Notes to Financial Statements For the periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

17. Income Taxes

The Company's future income tax liability arises primarily from the renunciation of mineral exploration costs on flow-through shares issued to investors. Flow-through shares entitle a company that incurs certain resource expenditures in Canada to renounce them for tax purposes allowing the expenditures to be deducted for income tax purposes by the investors who purchased the shares. A future income tax liability arises from the renunciation of mineral exploration costs to investors of flow-through shares.

Funds raised through the issuance of flow-through shares are required to be expended on qualified Canadian mineral exploration expenditures, as defined pursuant to Canadian income tax legislation. The flow-through gross proceeds less the qualified expenditures made to date, represent the funds received from flow-through share issuances which have not been spent as at March 31, 2008 and which are allotted for such expenditures. As at March 31, 2008, the amount of flow-through proceed remaining to be expended was \$462,597 (2007 - \$1,731,644).

18. Subsequent Events

- (a) On April 8, 2008 the Company reported the acquisition of a significant copper and zinc property in Nunavut, Canada. The property consists of the *Storm Copper Zone* that includes four near-surface, high-grade centres of copper mineralization, within a seven-kilometre-long mineralized structural corridor, and the *Seal Zinc Zone*, which is adjacent to tidewater. Refer to MD&A for more details.
- (b) On May 8, 2008, the Company reported that it had entered into a letter agreement (LOI) with Global Resources Corp. Pty. Ltd., a privately held Australian company providing GRC the right to earn an initial 50 % participating interest and an ultimate 70 % interest in the Olympic-Rob Property, Yukon Territory. To earn the initial 50 % interest property, GRC must complete \$4-million in exploration by December 31, 2011, and pay to the Company \$220,000 in cash or shares, of which \$20,000 has been paid. As part of the initial option, GRC must complete 2,000 metres of diamond drilling by December 31, 2009. Please refer to the MD&A for a complete summary of the terms of the agreement.
- (c) On May 12, 2008, the Company reported an agreement with Xstrata that provides the Company the option to accelerate its vesting rights to 100 % by making total cash payments of \$750,000 by December 31, 2008 including \$50,000 on signing, \$75,000 on or before July 15, 2008, \$200,000 on or before October 15, 2008, and \$425,000 on or before Dec. 31, 2008. Xstrata shall have no rights to any gold, gold concentrates or gold products produced from the property, but Xstrata will have the first right of refusal to purchase all or any portion of the concentrates or other such mineral products produced from any non-gold resource on the property. Please refer to the MD&A for more details on this agreement.
- (d) On May 13, 2008, the Company reported an agreement with Global Resources Corporation Pty. Ltd. ("GRC"), a privately held Australian company. The agreement provides GRC the right to earn a 100-per-cent interest in non-gold rights on the Company's Baffin Island properties, as part of a planned initial public offering (IPO) contemplated by GRC (Newco). Gold-, diamond-, and uranium-dominant resources are excluded from this agreement. GRC plans to advance the exploration opportunity for zinc and nickel hosted by the sedimentary and volcanic rocks, while the Company continues to focus its efforts on advancing the gold potential on the property. Please refer to the MD&A for the terms of this agreement.