

INTERIM REPORT

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007

(See Notice)



COMMANDER RESOURCES LTD.		
Notice		

Notice of No Auditor Review of the Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Commander Resources Ltd. ("the Company"), for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, have been prepared by management and have not been the subject of a review by the Company's independent auditor.

COMMANDER RESOURCES LTD.

Balance Sheets

(See Notice)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

		September 30, 2007		December 31, 2006 (Audited)
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,435,443	\$	2,632,627
Cash, exploration funds (Note 14)		-		2,120,725
Marketable securities (Note 4)		496,745		370,378
Accounts receivable		222,827		151,982
Due from related parties (Note 10(a))		1,389		17,072
Prepaid expenses		34,793		50,530
Field supplies (Note 5)		109,252		112,867
Bid Deposits (Note 6)		57,585		46,035
		2,358,034		5,502,216
Mineral properties (Note 7)		19,283,769		15,788,297
Property, plant and equipment (Note 8)		45,146		53,636
	\$	21,686,949	\$	21,344,149
LIABILITIES				
Current liability Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	817,460	\$	418,020
Future income taxes (Note 14)	Ψ	834,115	Ψ	834,115
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1,651,575		1,252,135
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital (Note 9(b))		33,134,220		33,908,906
Contributed surplus		69,400		17,043
Stock-based compensation (Note 9(e))		1,417,785		1,126,164
Deficit Control of the Control of th		(14,712,398)		(14,960,099)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (Note 3)		126,367		(1 1,500,055)
		20,035,374		20,092,014
	\$	21,686,949	\$	21,344,149

Commitment (Note 11)

Subsequent Events (Note 15)

Approved by the Directors: "Kenneth E. Leigh" "Victor A. Tanaka" Kenneth E. Leigh Victor A. Tanaka

COMMANDER RESOURCES LTD.

Statements of Operations

(Unaudited - See Notice)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For the Thre	e Months Ended 30-Sep.	For the Nine Mo	onths Ended 30-Sep.
	2007	2006	2007	2006
General and administrative expenses				_
Accounting and audit (Note 9(e))	\$ 62,305	\$ 26,766	\$ 171,319	\$ 69,831
Amortization	5,888	5,701	17,235	15,429
Annual report and meeting	-	-	7,117	14,845
Consultants (Note 9(e))	113,614	27,171	163,575	63,049
Insurance	12,303	7,979	37,429	33,604
Investor relations and promotion (Note 9(e))	30,200	37,300	175,154	129,538
Legal	966	12,511	5,225	21,810
Office and miscellaneous	16,753	1,783	78,231	39,796
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	3,841	8,762	41,439	33,524
Rent and storage	19,667	19,117	64,399	60,843
Salaries and benefits (Note 9(e))	170,029	74,220	386,211	278,264
	435,566	221,310	1,147,334	760,533
Loss before the undernoted	(435,566)	(221,310)	(1,147,334)	(760,533)
Investment income	44,552	16,703	92,485	42,086
Property investigation	(271)	(14,597)	(1,081)	(15,567)
Write down of mineral properties	-	(209,618)	-	(209,618)
Royalty Expense	-	(4,330)	-	(30,330)
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	36,747	-	93,791
Loss before taxes	(391,285)	(396,405)	(1,055,930)	(880,171)
Future income tax recovery (Note 14 and Note 9(c))	-	-	1,303,631	1,269,864
Income (Loss) for the period	(391,285)	(396,405)	247,701	389,693
Deficit, beginning of period	(14,321,113)	(13,354,240)	(14,960,099)	(14,140,338)
Deficit, end of period	\$ (14,712,398)	\$ (13,750,645)	\$ (14,712,398)	\$ (13,750,645)
Earnings Per Share - Basic	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01
Earnings Per Share - Diluted	\$ (0.01)			\$ 0.01
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - Basic	62,326,737	55,106,372	62,466,318	47,548,171
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - Dilut	tec 62,326,737	55,106,372	74,138,887	60,248,576

Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited - See Notice)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For the Three Months Ended 30-Sep.		For the Nine Months End		led 30-Sep.
	2007	2006	2007		2006
Income for the period	(391,285)	(396,405)	247,701		389,693
Unrealized gain of available for sale marketable securities	(119,633)	=	126,368		-
Comprehensive income \$	(510,918)	\$ (396,405)	\$ 374,069	\$	389,693

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

COMMANDER RESOURCES LTD.

Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited - See Notice)

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For the Three Mo	onths Ended 30-Sep.	For the Nine Mo	onths Ended 30-Sep.	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Cash provided from (used for):					
Operating activities					
Income / (Loss) for the period	\$ (391,285)	\$ (396,405)	\$ 247,701	\$ 389,693	
Items not involving cash:					
Amortization	5,888	5,701	17,235	15,429	
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	(36,747)	-	(93,791)	
Stock-based compensation	247,634	48,274	413,159	96,548	
Write down of marketable securities	-	209,618	-	209,618	
Write down of mineral properties	-	-	-	-	
Future income tax recovery	-	-	(1,303,631)	(1,269,864)	
	(137,763)	(169,559)	(625,536)	(652,367)	
Net change in non-cash working capital items:					
Accounts receivable	(109,144)	(62,708)	(70,845)	(116,931)	
Due from related parties	40,360	(45,887)	15,683	(54,206)	
Prepaid expenses	24.478	(1,075)	15,737	11,596	
Field supplies	(109,252)	(28,692)	3,615	(28,692)	
Bid deposits	(21,600)	(20,335)	(11,550)	57,660	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	26,663	(80,312)	107,951	(50,139)	
	(286,258)	(408,568)	(564,945)	(833,079)	
Investing activities					
Cash, exploration funds	923,779	1,506,090	2,120,725	565,645	
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	-	66,748	-	177,767	
Mineral property acquisition and exploration costs	(1,893,280)	(2,364,244)	(3,293,022)	(3,758,745)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	, , , ,	, , , , ,	, , , ,		
related to mineral properties	418,215	302,076	291,490	788,932	
Purchase of equipment	-	(5,880)	(8,744)	(9,368)	
• •	(551,286)	(495,210)	(889,551)	(2,235,769)	
Financing activity					
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs	_	415,842	257,312	5,724,366	
	(925 544)	,			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(837,544)	(487,936)	(1,197,184)	2,655,518	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,272,987	3,265,176	2,632,627	121,722	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,435,443	\$ 2,777,240	\$ 1,435,443	\$ 2,777,240	

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (Note 13)

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements



1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

The Company is in the process of actively exploring and developing its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain mineral resources that are economically recoverable ("ore reserves"). The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage.

The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral property interests is dependent upon one or more of the following:

- the discovery of ore reserves;
- the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete development; and
- future profitable production from the properties or proceeds from disposition.

At September 30, 2007, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$14,712,398 (2006 – \$13,750,645) and has working capital of \$706,459 (2006 – \$4,250,081), which is sufficient to achieve the Company's currently planned business objectives for fiscal 2007. The Company may need to complete further financings for additional drilling and exploration activities as required.

These interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on continued financial support from its shareholders and other related parties, the ability of the Company to raise equity financing, and the attainment of profitable operations, external financings and further share issuances to meet the Company's liabilities as they become payable. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary, should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Areas requiring the use of estimates include the rates of depreciation for property, plant and equipment, the recoverability of mineral property costs, estimates of accounts payable and accrual liabilities, the assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of stock-based compensation, and the determination of the valuation allowance for future income tax assets. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(b) Financial instruments

The fair values of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, cash exploration funds, accounts receivable, deposits and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the immediate or short-term to maturity of these financial instruments. It is not practical to determine the fair value of the amounts outstanding from related parties due to its related party nature and absence of a market for such instruments.



2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash. To minimize this risk, cash, cash equivalents and cash explorations funds have been placed with major Canadian financial institutions.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash and short-term investments with original maturities or redemption provisions of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

(d) Marketable securities

Prior to January 1, 2007, marketable securities were carried at the lower of cost or quoted market value on an individual stock by stock basis. When market value was below cost, any unrealized loss was charged to operations. With the adoption of CICA Sections 1530, "Comprehensive Income" and 3855, "Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement", marketable securities are measured at fair market value in the consolidated financial statements with the unrealized gains or losses recorded in other comprehensive income (Note 3 and 4).

(e) Mineral properties

The Company capitalizes all costs related to investments in mineral property interests on a property-by-property basis. Such costs include mineral property acquisition costs and exploration and development expenditures, net of any recoveries. Costs are deferred until such time as the extent of mineralization has been determined and mineral property interests are either developed or the Company's mineral rights are allowed to lapse.

All deferred mineral property expenditures are reviewed, on a property-by-property basis, to consider whether there are any conditions that may indicate impairment. When the carrying value of a property exceeds its net recoverable amount that may be estimated by quantifiable evidence of an economic geological resource or reserve, joint venture expenditure commitments or the Company's assessment of its ability to sell the property for an amount exceeding the deferred costs, a provision is made for the impairment in value.

The amounts shown for acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values. These costs are depleted over the useful lives of the properties upon commencement of commercial production or written off if the properties are abandoned or the claims allowed to lapse.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of a mineral property interest pursuant to the terms of an option agreement. As the options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received. When the amount of recoveries exceeds the total amount of capitalized costs of the property, the amount in excess of costs is credited to income.

Management's estimates of mineral prices, recoverable proven and probable reserves, and operating, capital and reclamation costs are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that may affect the recoverability of mineral property costs. Although management has made its best estimate of these factors, it is possible that changes could occur in the near term that could adversely affect management's estimate of the net cash flow to be generated from its properties.



2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisting of office furniture and computer equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is recorded using the straight line method at annual rates of 20%. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight line basis over the six-year term of the lease.

(g) Asset retirement obligations

The Company accounts for the recognition and measurement of liabilities for obligations associated with the retirement of property, plant and equipment when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operations of the assets.

(h) Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company accounts for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of the impairment of non-monetary long-lived assets, including property, plant and equipment, intangible assets with finite useful lives, deferred pre-operating costs and long-term prepaid assets when such amounts are known.

(i) Flow-through shares

Under the terms of Canadian flow-through share legislation, the tax attributes of qualifying expenditures are renounced to the subscribers. The tax impact to the Company of the renouncement is recorded on the date that the Company renounces the tax deductions, through a decrease in share capital and the recognition of a future tax liability.

(j) Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation expense using the fair value based method with respect to all stock-based payments to directors, employees and non-employees, including awards that are direct awards of stock and call for settlement in cash or other assets, or stock appreciation rights that call for settlement by the issuance of equity instruments. Under this standard, stock-based payments are recorded as an expense in the period the stock-based compensation expense vests or when the awards or rights are granted, with a corresponding increase to option compensation under shareholders' equity. When stock options are exercised, the corresponding fair value is transferred to share capital or when stock options are forfeited, cancelled or expire, the corresponding fair value is transferred to contributed surplus.

(k) Income taxes

Income taxes are calculated using the asset and liability method. Under this method of tax allocation, future income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial statement carrying values and their respective income tax basis (temporary differences). Future income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences are likely to reverse. The effect on future income tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is included in operations in the period in which the change is enacted or substantially assured. The amount of future income tax assets recognized is limited to the amount of the benefit that is more likely than not to be realized.



2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(l) Consolidation of variable interest entities

The Company applies consolidation principles to entities that are subject to control on a basis other than ownership based on voting equity. The Company adopted the Accounting Guideline 15 "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" on January 1, 2005 and the adoption did not have any impact on these financial statements.

(m) Earning / (Loss) per share

Earning or Loss per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The Company uses the treasury stock method for calculating diluted earnings per share. However, diluted loss per share has not been presented as the potential exercise of options and warrants outstanding would have the effect of reducing the loss per share. Therefore, basic and diluted losses per share are the same.

(n) Certain comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

3. Changes in Accounting Policies

The Company adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) Handbook Sections 1530, "Comprehensive Income"; 3855, "Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement"; 3861, "Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation" and 3865, "Hedges" on January 1, 2007. The adoption of these new standards resulted in changes in accounting have been recorded in opening accumulated comprehensive income as describe below.

(a) Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income is the change in shareholders' equity, which results from transactions and events from sources other than the Company's shareholders. These transactions and events include unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value of certain financial instruments such as marketable securities.

The adoption of this Section implied that the Company now presents a consolidated statement of comprehensive income as a part of the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Financial Instrument – recognition and measurement

Under the new standards, all financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: held for trading, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or other financial liabilities. All financial instruments, including derivatives, are included on the consolidated statement of financial position and are measured at fair value except for loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and other financial liabilities which are measured at amortized cost. Held for trading financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value and all gains and losses are included in net income in the period which they arise. Available-for-sale financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value with revaluation gains and losses



3. Changes in Accounting Policies (continued) (b)Financial Instrument – recognition and measurement (continued)

included in other comprehensive income until the instrument is derecognized or impaired. As a result of the adoption of these standards, the Company has made the following classifications:

- Cash and cash equivalents, exploration funds are classified as financial assets held for trading and are measured at fair value. Gains and losses related to periodical revaluation are recorded in net income.
- Marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale securities. Such securities are measured at fair market value in the consolidated financial statements with the unrealized gains or losses recorded in other comprehensive income. At the time securities are sold or otherwise disposed of, gains or losses are included in net income (loss).
- Accounts receivables are classified as loans and receivables and are initially measured at
 fair value and subsequent periodical revaluations are recorded at amortized cost using the
 effective interest rate method. For the Company, the measured amount generally
 corresponds to cost.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are dassified as other liabilities and are initially
 measured at fair value and subsequent periodical revaluations are recorded at amortized
 cost using the effective interest rate method. For the Company, the measured amount
 generally corresponds to cost.

(c) Hedges

Section 3865 "Hedges" is applicable when a company chooses to designate a hedging relationship for accounting purposes. It builds on the existing Accounting Guideline 13 "Hedging Relationships" and Section 1650 "Foreign Currency Translation", by specifying how hedge accounting is applied and what disclosures are necessary when it is applied. At September 30, 2007, the Company had no hedging relationships.

4. Marketable Securities

	As at 30-Sep-07							e-06
	Shares	Market Value	Quarterly Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Year-to- <u>Date</u> Unrealized Gain/(Loss)		Book Value	Market Value	Accumulated Adjustment of Gain/(Loss) at the beginning of 2007
Fjordland (FEX.V)	517,647	139,765	(31,059)	(5,176)		101,353	144,941	43,588
Diamonds North (DDN.V)	470,000	324,300	(79,900)	(23,500)		250,525	347,800	97,275
Uranium North		-	(280)	(466)		-	466	466
Alto Ventures (ATV.V)	50,000	4,750	(750)	(500)		3,500	5,250	1,750
Bayswater (BAY.V)	29,400	27,930	(7,644)	(20,286)		15,000	48,216	33,216
GBL Gold Corp	75,000	-	-	-		-	-	-
Pamlico Gold	100,000	_	-	-		-	-	-
Total	1,242,047	\$ 496,745	\$ (119,633)	\$ (49,928)		370,378	\$ 546,673	\$ 176,295



5. Field Supplies

The field supplies consist of fuel and other supplies, which were stored in a facility in the Hamlet of Clyde River, Nunavut.

6. Bid Deposits

As at September 30, 2007, the Company posted \$57,585 for bonds, mainly in lieu of work on its Newfoundland projects. The bonds are refundable upon approval of assessment reports that are filed with the government.



7. Mineral Properties

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the Company's mineral properties are comprised of properties located in Canada. Expenditures incurred on mineral properties are as follows:

	Gold Projec Nuna			Project at Hern	nitage,	Other Pr	operties	Total
	Qimmiq	Bravo Lake	Hermitage	Strickland	Other	Active Projects	Inactive Projects	
Balance at 31-Dec-06	\$ 7,458,164	\$ 1,503,306	\$ 1,472,275	\$ 722,879 \$	6,431	\$ 1,344,926	\$ 3,280,315	\$ 15,788,297
Additions during the period:								
Acquisition costs:	-	-	85,240	23,450	187,700	_	_	296,390
Exploration costs:								
Drilling	1,125,035	382,415	686,162	20,663	1,525	10,783	3,007	2,229,590
Geochemistry	29,170	3,290	52,393	-	-	-	(0)	84,853
Geology	301,535	102,187	192,009	31,182	40,010	13,834	25,907	706,664
Geophysics	23,766	38,356	25,845	4,307	713	-	(1)	92,986
Mobilization/demob.		-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	·
Property	10,778	-	634	8,000	1,582	12,228	11,552	44,774
Prospecting	143,459	36,463	14,335	-	94,877	-	(1)	289,133
Trenching/line cutting	-	-	103	-	2.050	-	(0)	103
Administration and Others	1,633,743	562,711	1,856	585	3,050	36.845	(0)	5,491 3 453 503
	1,033,743	302,711	973,337	64,737	141,757	30,843	40,463	3,453,593
Less:								
Recoveries	(7,312)	(3,134)	(79,400)	(8,900)	-	(155,766)	1	(254,511)
Write down	(7,312)	(3,134)	(79,400)	(8.900)	<u> </u>	(155,766)	<u>-</u> 1	(254,511)
	(7,312)	(3,134)	(77,400)	(0,700)		(133,700)	1	(234,311)
Net additions	1,626,431	559,577	979,177	79,287	329,457	(118,921)	40,464	3,495,472
Balance at								
30-Sep-07	\$ 9.084.595	\$ 2,062,883	\$ 2.451.452	<u>\$ 802,166 \$</u>	335,888	\$ 1,226,006	\$ 3,320,780	\$ 19.283.769



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

	Baffin, N	Nunavut	Newfoun	dland Prop	erties	Other P	roperties	Total
	Qimmiq	Bravo Lake	Hermitage	Strickland	Other	Active Projects	Inactive Projects	
Balance at								
31-Dec-05	\$ 5,404,656	\$ 775,795	\$ 517,996	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,307,166	\$ 3,697,646	\$11,703,259
Additions during the period:								
Acquisition costs:	-	-	101,550	38,680		149,277	490	289,996
Exploration costs:								
Drilling	1,764,975	615,781	1,563	260,985	-	-	19,910	2,663,214
Geochemistry	12,440	39	112,821	23,649	-	-	853	149,803
Geology	48,236	27,248	153,561	94,662	-	41,452	21,054	386,212
Geophysics	15,502	5,004	410,332	104,111	5,272	19,156	1,219	560,594
Mobilization/demob.	48,022	20,581	-	-	-	-	-	68,603
Property	-	10	400	3,000	-	11,076	20,181	34,667
Prospecting	185,271	65,922	305,534	209,422	2,319	-	4,747	773,215
Trenching/line cutting	-	-	450	-	-	-	-	450
	2,074,445	734,585	984,661	695,829	7,590	71,684	67,963	4,636,757
Less:								
Recoveries	(20,937)	(7,074)	(131,932)	(11,630)	(1,159)	(8,950)	(174,586)	(356,269)
Write down				-	-	(174,250)	(311,198)	(485,448)
	(20,937)	(7,074)	(131,932)	(11,630)	(1,159)	(183,200)	(485,784)	(841,716)
Net additions	2,053,508	727,511	954,280	722,879	6,431	37,761	(417,331)	4,085,037
Balance at 31-Dec-06	\$7.458.164	\$1,503,306	\$ 1.472.275	\$722,879	\$ 6,431	\$1.344.926	\$ 3,280,315	\$15,788,297



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

Acquisitions

The acquisition of title to mineral properties is a detailed and time-consuming process. The Company has taken steps, in accordance with industry standards, to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest. Although the Company has taken every precaution to ensure that legal title to its properties is properly recorded in the name of the Company, there can be no assurance that such title will ultimately be secured.

Environmental expenditures

The operations of the Company may in the future be affected from time to time in varying degrees by changes in environmental regulations, including those for future removal and site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the Company vary greatly and are not predictable. The Company's policy is to meet or, if possible, surpass standards set by relevant legislation, by application of technically proven and economically feasible measures.

Environmental expenditures that relate to ongoing environmental and reclamation programs are charged against earnings as incurred or capitalized and amortized depending on their future economic benefits. Estimated future removal and site restoration costs, when the ultimate liability is reasonably determinable, are charged against earnings over the estimated remaining life of the related business operation, net of expected recoveries.

(a) Newfoundland Uranium Properties

On March 16, 2005, the Company entered into an option agreement with a private consortium based in Newfoundland to earn a 100% interest in the Blue Hills and White Bear Uranium properties over a four-year term by making cash payments of \$82,200, issuing 201,000 common shares and completing \$1,000,000 in exploration work. Of this, \$42,000 in cash has been paid and 120,000 common shares have been issued. On April 13, 2005, the Company issued a warrant to the optionors to purchase 250,000 common shares exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share, see Note 9(f) for warrant terms. The agreement is subject to a 2% of Net Smelter return Royalty ("NSR") for the vendors with a buy-back of one-half of the royalty for \$1 million.

On April 22, 2005, the Company completed a second option agreement to earn a 100% interest in the Couteau Lake Property from prospector Lai Lai Chan over a four-year term by making total cash payments of \$60,000, issuing 150,000 common shares and completing \$300,000 in exploration work. Of this, \$43,000 in cash has been paid and 100,000 common shares have been issued. The agreement is subject to a 2% NSR for the vendor with a buy-back of one-half of the royalty for \$1 million.

On November 1, 2005, the Company acquired an additional 1,600 claims bringing the total property size to 99,200 acres (40,000 hectares).



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

(a) Newfoundland Uranium Properties (continued)

On November 3, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with Bayswater Uranium Corporation, successor company to Pathfinder Resources Ltd. ("Bayswater") in conjunction with the acquisition by Bayswater of 1,429 claims aggregating 35,725 hectares to the east and west of the Company's property. In consideration, the Company received a 2% NSR on all commodities produced from the claims and was issued 150,000 common shares of pre-merger Pathfinder for providing certain geological and technical information that was used in staking the Hermitage East and West properties. Bayswater is a related party to the Company by virtue of a common director.

On June 19, 2006, the Company entered into a 50:50 joint venture agreement with Bayswater to stake the 151,000 acre (61,000 hectare) Cochrane Pond property adjacent to the Hermitage properties. If either party's interest dilutes below 10%, then that party's interest will convert to a 10% of Net Proceeds of Production Royalty. The Company is the Operator of the joint venture.

On June 26, 2006, the Company staked the Strickland Property, 147 claims totalling 9,100 acres (3,675 hectares) southwest of the Hermitage property.

On August 16, 2006, the Company announced that it had entered into an option agreement with prospectors E and R. Quinlan to purchase a small claim block located in the middle of the Company's wholly owned Strickland Property. The Company may earn a 100% interest in the claims through cash payments totaling \$43,000 and by issuing 160,000 shares of the Company over a four-year period. The vendors will retain a 2% NSR, one-half of which may be bought by the Company at any time for \$1 million. The first year's obligation of \$3,000 cash was paid and 25,000 shares were issued.

On December 6, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with Bayswater to acquire 50% of Bayswater's right to earn a 90% interest in the 3,212 acre Murphy property strategically located east and contiguous with the Company's Hermitage property. The first year obligations attributable to the Company include a cash payment of \$12,500 (paid) and issuance of 80,000 common shares of the Company to Bayswater (issued), and funding \$50,000 in exploration expenditures.

The Company's share of optional obligations following the first year includes additional cash payments of \$175,000, issuing to Bayswater common shares in the Company equal to the value of 450,000 common shares of Bayswater at the date of issuance over three years and contributing \$450,000 in exploration expenditures over four years. The underlying owner's 10% property interest may be carried to commercial production; prior to production, the interest may be converted to a 3% NSR on production. Bayswater may reduce the NSR to 2% by paying the owner \$2 million, of which \$1 million would be payable by the Company.



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

(a) Newfoundland Uranium Properties (continued)

On March 1, 2007, the Company reported that it had entered into an agreement with Vulcan Minerals Inc. ("Vulcan") on Vulcan's 38,350 hectare Bay St. George Property in southwestern Newfoundland. The Company may earn an 80% interest in all base metals, precious metals and uranium on the Property over a five-year period by issuing to Vulcan 500,000 common shares and completing \$3.5 million in exploration work, including 150,000 shares of the Company on regulatory approval (issued) and \$100,000 of exploration expenditures in the first year. An initial cash payment of \$50,700 was paid to Vulcan to cover refundable staking deposits with the provincial Department of Natural Resources. Any future refunds will be the property of the Company. Once the Company has earned its 80% interest, a joint venture will be formed and the parties will jointly fund continuing work on the designated metals. Once a party's interest falls to 10% or lower, its interest will convert to a 2% royalty, which will be an NSR in the case of base and precious metals and a gross sales royalty in the case of uranium production.

(b) Qimmiq, Nunavut

The Company has an option agreement with BHP Billiton Diamonds Inc. ("BHP Billiton Diamonds") to explore for gold on 50,000 hectares of Nunavut Tunngavik Incorporated ("NTI") leases on Baffin Island, Nunavut. Under the option agreement, the Company may earn 50% of BHP Billiton Diamond's exploration rights by expending \$4 million by 2007, 80% by expending an aggregate \$10 million by 2012 and a 100% interest by delivering a feasibility study by December 31, 2014. The Company has made sufficient expenditures to vest a 50% interest. Since the initial date of the agreement, the property has been reduced to five leases totaling 58,000 acres (23,600 hectares).

The option agreement is subject to a variable net smelter return gold royalty ranging from 1% to 3% based on gold prices (royalties are now held by International Royalty Corporation) and a 12% royalty to NTI on net profits payable on production. If a mineral discovery, excluding gold, is made, BHP Billiton Diamonds may exercise a back-in option on the mineral discovery allowing BHP Billiton Diamonds to re-acquire up to an aggregate of a 75% interest for a period of up to ten years after the Company has earned a 100% interest in the property.

(c) Bravo Lake, Nunavut

The Company has an option agreement with Falconbridge Limited, (now named Xstrata PLC, "Xstrata") to explore for gold, diamonds and other metals on twelve Nunavut Exploration Permits covering over 720,000 acres (290,000 hectares) on Baffin Island, Nunavut. The original permits adjoined the Qimmiq and Dewar Lake properties optioned from BHP Billiton Diamonds. The Company may earn a 100% interest in Xstrata's exploration rights and interests on Baffin Island by incurring \$8 million of exploration expenditures on the property by 2011.

Under the agreement, **f** a nickel and/or base metal mineral discovery is made, Xstrata may exercise a back-in option on the mineral discovery to acquire up to an aggregate 75% interest. If a diamond resource discovery is made, Xstrata may exercise a back-in option to acquire up to an aggregate 50% interest. There are no back-in rights to gold.



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

(c) Bravo Lake, Nunavut (continued)

The agreement is subject to the following royalties payable to Xstrata:

- on gold, a sliding scale NSR from 1% to 3% based on gold prices;
- on nickel production, a 2% NSR;
- on diamonds, a 2% gross overriding royalty; and
- on base metal production, a 1.5% NSR.

In the fall of 2005, the Company staked nineteen mineral claims to cover the favourable portions of the prospecting permits in advance of their expiry. The revised area of the Bravo Lake property is 14,668 acres (5,900 hectares).



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties

The Company owns several other properties in Canada in which it holds interests ranging from 25% to 100%. The Company has granted options on some of these properties. The carrying values of those properties included under Other Properties at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 are as follows:

	CMD Ownership %	Metal	Q3/2007	2006
Active Projects				
British Columbia				
Abe and Pal (1)	100	Copper - Gold	\$ 105,244	\$ 49,112
Aten, Mate and Tut (2)	100	Copper - Gold	758	87,943
Tam (3)	10	Copper	54,524	54,524
Quebec		••	ŕ	,
Despinassy (4)	24.5	Gold	93,209	92,886
Newfoundland			,	,
Cochrane Pond	50	Uranium	(40,254)	66,649
Yukon			, , ,	
Olympic, Rob (5)	100	Copper-Gold-Uranium	1,012,524	993,813
Total Active Projects			\$ 1,226,006	\$ 1,344,926
	CMD Ownership %		Q3/2007	2006
Inactive Projects	•			
British Columbia				
Haw	100	Copper-Gold	10,145	4,577
Labrador				
Sarah Lake (6)	48	Nickel	1,170,462	1,158,295
Adlatok (7)	60	Nickel	137,389	132,062
Sally (8)	100	Nickel	62,526	61,509
Sadie	100	Nickel	9,741	8,796
Ontario				
Matheson	41.6	Gold	14,213	14,213
McVean	100	Gold	8,694	8,694
Sabin	100 - 58.5	Copper-Zinc	98,318	92,633
Newfoundland				
Green Bay (9)	100	Gold-Copper-Zinc	443,216	435,566
New Brunswick				
Nepisiguit/Stewart (11)	100	Copper-Zinc	1,361,463	1,359,359
Yukon				
Rein	25	Barite	4,612	4,612
Total Inactive Projects			\$ 3,320,780	\$ 3,280,315
Total Other Properties			\$ 4,546,786	\$ 4,625,243



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties (continued)

(1) Abe and Pal, British Columbia

On October 12, 2004, the Company entered into a Purchase and Royalty Agreement to purchase John Robins' 50% interest in the Abe and Pal porphyry copper-gold mineral properties located within the Quesnel Trough of British Columbia, to own a 100% interest in the properties. The Company issued to Robins 70,000 units consisting of one common share and one-half of one purchase warrant (expired on October 27, 2005, unexercised). In addition, Robins retains a 1% NSR in the properties and will participate in certain cash/share considerations received from the future sale or option of the properties to a third party.

(2) Aten, Mate and Tut, British Columbia

On February 7, 2007, the Company reported that it had entered into an agreement with Geoinformatics Exploration Canada Limited ("GXL") whereby GXL may earn an initial 60% interest and an ultimate 80% interest in the Company's five properties in the Omineca Mining District, British Columbia, located about 100 kilometers south of the Kemess Copper-Gold mine. The properties include Abe, Pal, Mate, Aten and Tut. GXL may earn an initial 60% interest by completing \$4.5 million in exploration expenditures over 4 years and paying to the Company \$300,000 in cash of which \$50,000 in cash and \$750,000 in work expenditures is the commitment for 2007 and a second cash payment of \$250,000 made to the Company once GXL vests at 60%.

Upon earning 60%, GXL will continue to sole-fund work on the property until GXL completes and delivers a positive pre-feasibility study to the Company and pays the Company \$1.5 million, at which time GXL will have earned an 80% working interest in the properties. Once GXL vests at 80%, a joint venture will be formed (CMD 20% / GXL 80%). Funding on the properties will continue pro-rata. If GXL vests at 60% and fails to propose work programs for three years, the Company will be entitled to propose a budget and program on the Properties, which will be funded pro-rata or GXL's interest will dilute. A 2% NSR is provided to a diluted party whose interest drops below 10%. The NSR varies between 1.75% and 2% depending on the mineral claim. There is a buy-down provision to 1% NSR for \$3 million. An underlying agreement between the Company and John Robins, summarized in Note 7d(1), applies to the ABE and PAL claims only. Under this underlying agreement, fifty-percent of the cash considerations attributable to Abe and Pal less 10% management fees and a royalty consideration will be transferred to John Robins.

(3) Tam, British Columbia

On September 9, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with prospector Lorne Warren that provided the Company with a 10% Carried Interest in approximately 20,800 acres (8,400 hectares) of mineral claims in the Omineca area of British Columbia, hereinafter referred to as the Tam/Misty property. In addition, the Company will receive 50% of any royalties granted to Lorne Warren under any subsequent third party agreement on the property. In exchange for the interest, the Company agreed to transfer title and all associated data for three legacy claims (the Tam claims) totaling 75 hectares owned by the Company which lie within the boundary area of the Tam/Misty property.



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties (continued)

On February 13, 2006, Teck Cominco Limited ("Teck Cominco") entered into an option agreement with prospectors Lorne Warren and Wesley Grant Luck on the Tam/Misty property. Teck Cominco can earn 100% of Warren and Luck's 90% interest by making \$525,000 in staged cash payments and incurring \$2.6 million in exploration expenditures before December 31, 2011. As part of the Company's 10% carried interest in the Tam/Misty property, the Company received a cash payment of \$2,500. In addition, the Company may receive a 1.5% NSR of which \$250,000 is payable, as an advance royalty, starting on December 31, 2012. This royalty is subject to a buy-down provision that, if exercised, would pay \$1.0 million to the Company.

(4) Despinassy, Quebec

On April 26, 2004, Cameco Corporation ("Cameco"), the Company's Joint Venture Partner on the Despinassy project in Quebec, entered into an Agreement with Alto Ventures Ltd. ("Alto Ventures") for Cameco's 70% interest in the project. The Company waived it's right of first refusal under the Joint Venture in consideration for 100,000 common shares of Alto Ventures at a deemed price of \$0.10 per share; Alto Ventures carried the Company for \$150,000 of Joint Venture obligations; and the Company retains the right of first refusal under the Joint Venture should Alto Ventures withdraw from the Agreement with Cameco.

(5) Olympic & Rob, Yukon

On May 1, 2006, the Company signed a Letter of Intent with Blackstone Ventures Inc. ("Blackstone") to acquire Blackstone's 50% interest in the Rob uranium property, Yukon Territory, to increase the Company's interest to 100%. In consideration, the Company issued 305,000 common shares to Blackstone and granted a 1% NSR on metal production from the Property, which may be reduced to 0.5% at any time for \$1,000,000.

On August 2, 2006, the Company signed a Letter of Intent with Fjordland Exploration Inc. ("Fjordland") on the Company's wholly-owned Olympic-Rob Property in the Yukon. Under the terms of the agreement, Fjordland may earn an initial 60% interest in the property by paying the Company \$250,000 in cash, issuing 1.6 million treasury shares to the Company and incurring exploration expenditures on the property totaling \$7 million over a five-year period ending on December 31, 2011. Of this, \$50,000 (received) and 350,000 treasury shares (received) were payable to the Company upon receipt of regulatory approval and Fjordland must incur \$600,000 in exploration expenditures by December 31, 2007, including a minimum of 2,000 metres of drilling.

Once Fjordland has earned a 60% interest, a joint venture will be formed or, within 60 days of vesting, Fjordland may elect to earn an additional 20% interest, for a total of 80%, by issuing to the Company either 1 million shares or paying \$3 million cash, and by carrying all further costs through to completion of a bankable feasibility study. Upon completion of a bankable feasibility study, a final lump sum payment of \$7 million cash is payable to the Company to vest Fjordland's 80% interest. If Fjordland vests at 80%, then the Company may make an election at any time up to commencement of commercial production, to convert its 20% interest into a 2% NSR subject to a buy-down provision to 1% for \$10 million cash.



7. Mineral Properties (continued)

(d) Other Properties (continued)

Alternatively, if Fjordland elects not to increase its interest to 80%, the Company may then elect to earn back 20% to an aggregate 60% interest by funding 100% of the next \$3.0 million in exploration expenditures on the property. Once a 60:40 Joint Venture is formed, each party shall fund its share of on-going costs pro-rata. Should either party's interest be reduced below 10%, its interest shall convert to a 10% NPI.

(6) Sarah Lake, Labrador

The Company owns a 48.2% interest in the Sarah Lake property. Donner Metals Ltd. owns 51.8% and is the operator of the property.

(7) Adlatok 1, Labrador

The Company has a 59.9% interest in the Adlatok 1 property.

(8) Sally, Labrador

The Company owns a 100% interest in the Sally property.

(9) Green Bay, Newfoundland

The Company holds a 100% interest in the Green Bay property.

(10) Big Hill, Newfoundland

During 2006, the Company allowed the option to terminate and, accordingly, the carrying value of the property was written down by \$209,618 to \$Nil.

(11) Nepisiguit/Stewart, New Brunswick

The Company's 100% owned Nepisiguit/Stewart copper/zinc property is located in the Bathurst area of New Brunswick. On September 27, 2005, the Company negotiated a royalty agreement with BHP Billiton World Exploration Inc. ("BHP Billiton") on the Nepisiguit portion of the property. Prior to this agreement, BHP Billiton retained the right to earn back a 55% interest in the property and held a 2% NSR with no buy-down provision. Under the new royalty agreement, the Company provided BHP Billiton with a 2.75% NSR subject to a buy-down to 1.0% NSR for \$1.5 million at any time. In exchange for the increased NSR, BHP Billiton agreed to waive its right to earn back a 55% interest and therefore, has no future right to earn a participating interest in the property.

(12) Dewar Lake, Nunavut

The Company earned a 100% interest in sixteen Nunavut Exploration Permits from BHP Billiton Diamonds by incurring \$200,000 in expenditures on the property. This expenditure was completed by December 31, 2004. No further significant work was completed in 2005 and 2006, and the final remaining prospecting permit expired on January 31, 2007. The property carrying value of \$275,829 was written down to zero in December 2006.



8. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Cost	 eccumulated epreciation	30-Sep-07 Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 57,240 167,029 28,293	\$ 54,646 137,444 15,325	\$ 2,594 29,585 12,968
	\$ 252,562	\$ 207,415	\$ 45,147

	Cost	 ccumulated epreciation	31-Dec-06 Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 57,240	\$ 52,927	\$ 4,313
Computer equipment	158,284	125,465	32,819
Leasehold improvements	28,293	11,789	16,504
	\$ 243,817	\$ 190,181	\$ 53,636



9. Share Capital

(a) Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value

(b) Issued and outstanding common shares:

	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2005	39,599,648	25,316,856
Issued for cash:		
Private placements, net of issue costs	17,469,808	7,306,437
Exercise of options, for cash	734,332	196,347
Exercise of warrants, for cash	3,074,787	1,510,154
Issued for other consideration:		
Income tax effect on flow-through share renunciation		(689,824)
Exercise of options, stock-based compensation (Note 9(e))	115,806
For mineral property	409,000	153,130
Balance, December 31, 2006	61,287,575	33,908,906
Issued for cash:		
Private placements, net of issue costs		(879)
Exercise of options, for cash	366,835	98,567
Exercise of warrants, for cash	319,250	159,625
Issued for other consideration:		
Income tax effect on flow-through share renunciation (No	te 9(c))	(1,303,631)
Exercise of options, stock-based compensation (Note 9(e))	69,182
For mineral property	365,000	202,450
Balance, Sep. 30, 2007	62,338,660	33,134,220

(c) Stock options

Options to purchase common shares have been granted to directors, employees and consultants at exercise prices determined by reference to the market value on the date of the grant. Under the Company's Stock Option Plan, the Company may grant stock options for the purchase of up to 12,300,000 common shares and has 5,382,169 options outstanding as of September 30, 2007. Vesting of stock options is made at the discretion of the board of directors at the time the options are granted. At September 30, 2007, the Company had stock options outstanding for the purchase of 5,482,169 common shares with an average remaining contractual life of 3.0 years, of which 4,553,419 stock options are exercisable at September 30, 2007.



		Weighted Average		
	Shares	Exercise Price		
Outstanding at December 31, 2005	3,585,335	\$0.39		
Granted	1,112,000	\$0.35		
Exercised	(734,332)	\$0.19		
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	3,963,003	\$0.40		
Granted	2,015,000	\$0.47		
Exercised	(366,834)	\$0.27		
Expired	(229,000)	\$0.00		
Outstanding at Sep. 30, 2007	5,382,169	\$0.33		



9. Share Capital (continued)

(d) Stock options (continued)

The following summarizes information about stock options outstanding at September 30, 2007:

Number of	Exercise	Expiry Date
Shares	Price	
202,003	\$0.20	January 23, 2008
161,666	\$0.26	August 20, 2008
700,000	\$0.53	January 21, 2009
50,000	\$0.64	February 19, 2009
692,000	\$0.56	May 18, 2009
40,000	\$0.40	September 6, 2009
200,000	\$0.40	September 21, 2009
383,000	\$0.25	July 19, 2010
282,000	\$0.39	May 7, 2011
656,500	\$0.30	June 19, 2011
100,000	\$0.56	October 22, 2011
415,000	\$0.87	January 2, 2012
200,000	\$0.41	May 8, 2012
1,300,000	\$0.36	June 7, 2012
5,382,169		

The fair value of stock options used to calculate compensation expense is estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following weighted average assumptions:

2.64%
0.00%
109.13%
3.0

Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options granted during the period.



9. Share Capital (continued)

(e) Stock-based compensation

The following summarizes information about option compensation:

	30-Sep-07	31-Dec-06
Stock-based compensation, beginning of period	\$ 1,126,164	\$ 1,097,149
Stock-based compensation expense	413,159	144,821
Reallocated to capital stock	(52,357)	
Reallocated to contributed surplus	(69,182)	(115,806)
Stock-based compensation, end of period	\$ 1,417,784	\$ 1,126,164

The stock-based compensation expense totalled \$47,637 in the threes months ended September 30, 2007, compared to \$48,274 in the same period of 2006. The expenses have been reallocated to Investor Relations, Audit & Accounting, Consulting and Wages & Benefits in the income statement.

	For the Three Months			For the Nine Months End				
	30-Sep-07 30-Sep-06			30-Sep-07		30-Sep-06		
Audit and accounting	\$ 32,575	\$	7,027	\$ 63,882	\$	14,053		
Consulting	104,614		15,474	136,575		30,949		
Investor relations	9,536		1,977	11,512		3,954		
Salary and benefits	100,909		23,796	201,190		47,592		
	\$ 247,634	\$	48,274	\$ 413,159	\$	96,548		

(f) Warrants and Agent's Warrants

At September 30, 2007, the Company had outstanding warrants for the purchase of an aggregate 5,054,750 common shares as follows:

		Outstanding				Outstanding
Exercise Price	Expiry Date	at 31-Dec-06	Issued	Exercised	Expired	at 30-Sep-07
\$0.50	May 15, 2008*	5,220,000		165,250	-	5,054,750



9. Share Capital (continued)

(f) Warrants and Agent's Warrants (continued)

At September 30, 2007, the Company had outstanding agent's warrants for the purchase of an aggregate 1,235,650 common shares as follows:

Exercise					Outstanding at		
Price	Expiry Date	31-Dec-06	Issued	Exercised	Expired	30-Sep-07	
\$0.50	May 11, 2007*	213,089		154,000	59,089	-	
\$0.50	May 15, 2008*	1,040,400	-		-	1,040,400	
\$0.50	May 15, 2008*	195,250		-	-	195,250	
		1,448,739	•	- 154,000	59,089	1,235,650	

^{*} All of the warrants and Agent's warrants are subject to an early expiry provision once resale restrictions have ended. Upon the Company's shares trading at or above a weighted average trading price of \$0.80 for 20 consecutive trading days, the Company may give notice to the warrant holders and issue a news release advising that the warrants will expire 30 days from the date of the news release.

10. Related Party Transactions

In addition to the related party transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Company has the following related party transactions and balances:

- (a) The Company shares certain administrative costs with four other companies related by virtue of directors in common. Included in due from related parties is an aggregate of \$1,389 owed by those companies for shared administrative expenses.
- (b) During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company paid or accrued \$20,224 in legal fees and disbursements to a law firm in which a director of the Company, Brian Abraham, is a partner. During the three months ended September 30, 2007, the Company paid or accrued \$4,065 in legal fees and disbursements to the law firm.
- (c) Included in marketable securities are 29,400 common shares of Bayswater and 517,647 common shares of Fjordland Exploration Inc., a company related by virtue of a director in common, and 470,000 common shares of Diamonds North Resources Ltd., a company related by virtue of another director in common.

11. Commitment

The Company shares the cost of the office premises with several companies based on the proportion to the area occupied. The lease of the office premises was signed by one of the companies and that company bills other companies. Certain of the companies are related by virtue of directors in common. The Company's proportionate share of minimum annual basic rental payments under this arrangement is approximately \$66,000.



12. Segmented Information

The Company has one operating segment, mineral exploration, and all assets of the Company are located in Canada.

13. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	F	For the Three Months Ended			For the Nine Months Ended			
		30-Sep-07		30-Sep-06		30-Sep-07		30-Sep-06
Significant non-cash operating, investing and financing as	ctivitie	es:						
Investing activities:								
Marketable securities received for mineral property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,000
Shares issued for mineral property		43,250		16,750		202,450		153,130
	\$	43,250	\$	16,750	\$	202,450	\$	198,130
Financing activities:								
Income tax effect on flow-through share renouncement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,303,631)	\$	(1,269,864)
Shares issued for mineral property		(43,250)		-		(202,450)		136,380
Fair value of options exercised		20,240		44,253		69,182		71,156
	\$	(23,010)	\$	44,253	\$	(1,436,899)	\$	(1,062,328)
Other cash flow information:								
Interest received	\$	10,646	\$	17,130	\$	58,579	\$	32,394
Income taxes paid	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

14. Income Taxes

The Company's future income tax liability arises primarily from the renunciation of mineral exploration costs on flow-through shares issued to investors. Flow-through shares entitle a company that incurs certain resource expenditures in Canada to renounce them for tax purposes allowing the expenditures to be deducted for income tax purposes by the investors who purchased the shares. A future income tax liability arises from the renunciation of mineral exploration costs to investors of flow-through shares.

Funds raised through the issuance of flow-through shares are required to be expended on qualified Canadian mineral exploration expenditures, as defined pursuant to Canadian income tax legislation. The flow-through gross proceeds less the qualified expenditures made to date, represent the funds received from flow-through share issuances which have not been spent as at December 31, 2006 and which are segregated for such expenditures. As at September 30, 2007, the amount of flow-through proceeds remaining to be expended was \$Nil.

15. Subsequent Events

(a) On October 2, 2007 and November 26, 2007, the Company reported results from the 2007 exploration program on Baffin Island, Nunavut. The objective of the 2007 drilling program, which totalled 1922.5 metres in 14 holes, was to gain a better understanding of the potential inventory of prospects along the 80 kilometre central section of the belt outside of the main and more advanced Ridge Lake and Malrok zones. See the Qimmiq and Bravo sections in the accompanying MD&A for results and details.



- (b) On October 15, 2007, the Company reported that a detailed low frequency ground Electromagnetic (EM) survey had commenced on the Sarah Lake Property, Labrador. Commander also reported that it had retained BMK Communications Inc. of Vancouver, B.C., to provide investor relations and marketing services.
- (c) On November 1, 2007, the Company reported that it closed a non-brokered private placement for total proceeds of \$1,722,500. An issuance of 4,650,000 flow-through shares at a purchase price of \$0.25 per flow-through share and 2,300,000 non flow-through units at a purchase price of \$0.20 per non flow-through unit occurred on October 26, 2007. A further issuance of 400,000 flow-through shares at a purchase price of \$0.25 per flow-through share occurred on October 31, 2007. All of the securities issued are subject to a four-month hold period and may not be traded until February 27, 2008, and March 1, 2008, respectively.

Finders' fees of 7% were paid in cash to the following finders: Bolder Investment Partners Ltd.- \$14,000, PI Financial Corp.- \$5,250, Hampton Securities Limited- \$2,625, Jennings Capital Inc.- \$5,600, Canaccord Capital Corp.- \$1,400, Haywood Securities Inc.- \$1,680, Dundee Securities Corp.- \$3,500, and MAK, Allen & Day Capital Partners- \$7,000. In addition, finders' fees of 7% were paid in shares to the following finders: Standard Securities Capital Corporation- 119,000 common shares, Haywood Securities Inc.- 28,000 common shares, and Dundee Securities Corp. - 14,000 common shares. The finders' shares are subject to a four month hold period and may not be traded until February 27, 2008.